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Safety Data Sheet

According to Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006

SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name: Skinial-Ex 2

Synonyms: Lactic acid solution, 2-hydroxypropionic acid solution

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses: Cosmetics

The product is intended for professional use.

Version 1 created on 4.12.2011

Print date: 28.02.2012

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company: USP Innovation GmbH

Feschnigstraße 230 9020 Klagenfurt

Austria

Telephone: +43 (0) 463 / 41 89 62 E-Mail: office@calecosmetics.at

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Emergency telephone number: +43 (0) 463 / 41 89 62 (office hours)

SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (EU-GHS/CLP)

Skin irritation (category 2)

Serious eye damage (category 1)

Classification according to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC

Causes skin irritation.

Causes serious eye damage.

2.2 Label elements

Label elements according to Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008 (EU-GHS/CLP)



Hazard pictogram(s):

Signal word(s): Danger

Hazard statement(s):

H315 Causes skin irritation. H318 Causes serious eye damage.

Precautionary statement(s):

P280 Wear protective gloves and eye protection.
P302 + P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water.

P305 + P351 + P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove

contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.
P332 + P313 If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse.

Supplemental Hazard information (EU):

None

Label elements according to Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC

XI

Hazard symbol(s):

Reizeno

Risk phrase(s):

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Safety advice(s):

S24 Avoid contact with skin.

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S26 In case of contact with eyes, rinse immediately with plenty of water

and seek medical advice.

S39 Wear eye protection

2.3 Other Hazards

None

SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.2 Mixtures

| Component | IUPAC | CAS-No. | EC-No. | Classification | Concentration |
|-------------|-----------------------------------|-----------|-----------|---|---------------|
| Water | Dihydrogen- monoxid, Oxidan | 7732-18-5 | 231-791-2 | - | 81 w% |
| Lactic acid | 2-Hydroxy- propionic acid | 50-21-5 | 200-018-0 | Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Dam. 1 H315, H318 | 19 w% |
| | | | | Irritating Xi R38 – R41 | |

Full text of R- and H-phrases: see section 16.

SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General information

Consult a doctor. Show this safety data sheet to the attending physician.

Inhalation

If inhaled remove victim to fresh air. If breathing is irregular or stopped, administer artificial respiration. Consult a doctor.

Skin contact

Remove contaminated and shoes immediately. Wash skin with plenty of soap and water. Consult a doctor.

Eye contact

After contact with the eyes, rinses with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an ophthalmologist immediately.

Ingestion

Do NOT induce vomiting. If accidentally swallowed rinse the mouth with plenty of water (only if the person is conscious) and obtain immediate medical attention.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

4.3 Identification of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed No data available

SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water mist, foam, alcohol resistant foam, dry extinguishing powder, extinguishing powder, ABC-powder, carbon dioxide

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Full water jet, strong water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

May produce toxic fumes of carbon monoxide if burning.

5.3 Advice for fire fighters

In case of fire: Wear self-contained breathing apparatus if necessary.

SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Use personal protection equipment. Do not breathe vapours. Provide adequate ventilation. Remove persons to safety.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Prevent further pouring out. No special environmental measures are necessary.

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6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Neutralise with sodium carbonate or sodium hydrogen carbonate and flush with plenty of water. Never neutralize with strong bases (danger of exothermic reaction).

Take up with inert absorbent materials (sand, diatomaceous earth, silica gel, acid binder, universal binder, saw dust, etc.) and fill in suitable closed containers for disposal. Flush remainders with plenty of water.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Disposal: see SECTION 13

SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

When using do not eat, drink, smoke, sniff. When leaving the work area remove protective clothing.

No special fire protection measures are necessary.

Avoid formation of aerosols.

Avoid temperatures above 200°C.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store closed containers in a cool and dry place.

Recommended storage temperature: 2–8°C

Keep away from: strong bases

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See recommendations in previous sections 7.1 and 7.2.

SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

8.1 Control parameters

Components with occupational exposure limit values

The product does not contain components with occupational exposure limit values.

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

Obey the usual precautions for handling with chemicals.

Wash hands before breaks and after work.

Personal protective equipment

Eye-/face protection

Wear safety glasses. For eye protection only use equipment that is tested and approved according to official standards like NIOSH (USA) or EN 166 (EU).

Do not wear contact lenses.

Skin protection

Suitable gloves type: Disposable gloves

Suitable material: NR (natural rubber, natural latex), NBR (nitrile rubber), CR

(polychloroprene, chloroprene rubber), butyl caoutchouc (butyl rubber), PVA (Polyvinyl alcohol). Breakthrough time (maximum wear duration): nominal each >480 min.

Check leak tightness/impermeability prior to use.

Use a suitable method for removing the gloves (without touching the outer glove surface) to prevent skin contact with this product.

Dispose contaminated gloves after use according to legal requirements and good laboratory praxis.

Protective gloves must conform to specifications of regulation 89/686/EWG and the resulting norm EN 374.

Body protection

Body protection: not necessary.

Respiratory protection

Usually no personal respirative protection necessary.

SECTION 9: Physical and Chemical Properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance: colourless liquid

Odour: none

pH: 1,3 (20°C)

Melting point/freezing point: <53°C

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Initial boiling point and boiling range: >100°C, <130°C
Flash point: 110°C closed pan
Evaporation rate: no data available
Flammability (solid, gas): no data available
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits: no data available
Vapour pressure: no data available

Relative density (25°C): >1,0 g/cm³, <1,2 g/cm³
Water solubility: miscible with water in all ratios

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water: log Pow <0
Auto-ignition temperature: no data available
Decomposition temperature_ no data available

Viscosity: thin fluid
Explosive properties: not explosive
Oxidising properties: not oxidising

9.2 Other information

No data available

SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

Contact with strong bases can cause exothermic reaction.

10.2 Chemical stability

Product is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Contact with strong bases can cause exothermic reaction.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Product is stable under normal ambient and anticipated storage and handling conditions of temperature and pressure.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidising agents, strong bases

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

No hazardous decomposition products are produced as a result of use, storage, spill or heating.

SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Lactic acid: acute toxicity

 Oral
 LD50
 rat
 >2000 mg/kg

 Respiratory
 LC50 (4h)
 rat
 >7,94 mg/L

 Dermal
 LD50 (24h)
 rat
 >2000 mg/kg

Lactic acid: repeated dose toxicity

Oral no data available

Dermal LOAEL rat 886 mg/kg/day

Lactic acid: skin corrosion/irritation

Lactic acid (80%ig) is skin corrosive (albino-rabbit).

Lactic acid: serious eye damage/irritation

Lactic acid (88%ig) causes serious damage to the cornea (chicken eyes from slaughterhouse).

Lactic acid: respiratory or skin sensitisation

Not skin sensitising (guinea pig).

Lactic acid: germ cell mutagenicity

Not germ cell mutagen.

Lactic acid: carcinogenicity

Not carcinogen.

Lactic acid: reproductive toxicity

No data available.

Lactic acid: STOT-single exposure

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No data available.

Lactic acid: STOT-repeated exposure

No data available.

Aspiration hazard

No data available.

Potential health damages

Inhalation May cause health damages if inhaled. The product causes tissue damages

of mucous membranes and upper respiratory tracts.

Ingestion Harmful if swallowed. Causes burns.

Skin Causes severe skin burns.

May cause health damages when absorbed through the skin.

Eyes Causes severe eye damage.

Symptoms after exposition

According to our knowledge the chemical, physical and toxicological properties have not been investigated comprehensively.

SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

Lactic acid: Aquatic Toxicity

Toxicity to microorganisms

Not toxic towards sewage bacteria at 100 mg/L.

Short-term toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

| EC50 (48h) | Daphnia magna (daphnia magna) | 240 mg/l |
|-------------|-------------------------------|----------|
| EC50 (48h) | Daphnia magna (daphnia magna) | 240 mg/l |
| EC100 (48h) | Daphnia magna (daphnia magna) | 320 mg/l |

Toxicity to aquatic algae and cyanobacteria

| NOEC (48h) | Selenastrum capricornutum | 1900 mg/l |
|------------|---------------------------|-----------|
| EC50 (48h) | Selenastrum capricornutum | 3500 mg/l |

Short-term toxicity to fish

| NOEC (96h) | Salmo gairdneri (rainbow trout) | 56 mg/L |
|------------|--|----------|
| LC50 (96h) | Salmo gairdneri (rainbow trout) | 130 mg/L |
| LC50 (96h) | Brachydanio rerio (zebrafish) | 320 mg/L |
| NOEC (96h) | Lepomis macrochirus (bluegill sunfish) | 56 mg/L |
| LC50 (96h) | Lepomis macrochirus (bluegill sunfish) | 130 mg/L |

Lactic acid: terrestrial toxicity

Toxicity to soil macroorganisms except arthropods

No data available.

Toxicity to terrestrial arthropods

No data available.

Toxicity to terrestrial plants

No data available.

Toxicity to soil microorganisms

No data available.

Toxicity to birds

| NOEC (oral, 48h) | Colinus virginianus (bobwhite) | 810 mg/kg |
|------------------|--------------------------------|--------------|
| LD50 (oral, 48h) | Colinus virginianus (bobwhite) | >2250 mg/kg |
| NOEC (oral, 48h) | Anas platyrhynchos (mallard) | > 5620 mg/kg |
| LD50 (oral, 48h) | Anas platyrhynchos (mallard) | >5620 mg/kg |

Toxicity to other above-ground organisms

LC50 (dermal, 48h) Apis mellifera (honey bee) >100 μg/bee

Other information

Lactic acid occurs naturally in humans and animals.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Lactic acid: biodegradation in water

 $BOD5 = 0.45 \text{ mg } O_2/\text{mg} - \text{indicates } 50\% \text{ after } 5 \text{ days}$ $BOD20 = 0.60 \text{ mg } O_2/\text{mg} - \text{indicates } 67\% \text{ after } 20 \text{ days}$

Lactic acid: biodegradation in soil

No data available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

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Because of the unlimited miscibility of lactic acid in water bioaccumulation is not expected.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Lactic acid: K_{OC} (soil, sewage sludge) <20,9 (pH7) Lactic acid: K_{OC} (soil, sewage sludge) <1,32 (pH2)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

12.6 Other adverse effects

No data available.

SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Deliver residual amounts and unusable solutions to an accredited waste management company. This product must be dissolved in or mixed with a flammable solvent and be burned in an incineration plant for chemicals (with afterburner and exhaust air scrubber).

Contaminated packaging

Dispose like unused product.

SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

14.1 UN number

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

14.2 UN proper shipping name

ADR/RID: Not dangerous goods IMDG: Not dangerous goods IATA: Not dangerous goods

14.3 Transport hazard Class(es)

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

14.4 Packing group

ADR/RID: - IMDG: - IATA: -

14.5 Environmental hazards

ADR/RID: no IMDG: Marine Pollutant: no IATA: no

14.6 Special precautions for user

No data available.

14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and the IBC Code

Product is distributed in appropriate packaging only.

SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

No specific regulations/legislation for this product.

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION

Full text of R phrases and hazard statements from section 3

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

R38 Irritating to skin.

R41 Risk of serious damage to eyes.

Key literature references and sources for data

Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 of 18.12.2006

Regulation (EC) 453/2010 of 20.5.2010

ECHA Guidance on the compilation of safety data sheets, Version 1.0, September 2011

ECHA Dossier Lactic Acid of 11.10.2011

Evaluation method used for classification

The classification according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 and Directive 1999/45/EC was done using the summation method.

Revisions

4.12.2011: first compilation

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Other information

The above information describes exclusively the safety requirements of the product and is based on our present-day knowledge. The information is intended to give advice about the safe handling of the product named in this safety data sheet, for storage, processing, transport and disposal. The information cannot be transferred to other products. The supplier shall not be held liable for any damage resulting from handling or from contact with the above product.